



# Where power meets precision

PX8000 Precision Power Scope The PX8000 brings together Yokogawa's world-leading expertise in power measurement with our long heritage in oscilloscope design to deliver a true test and measurement revolution: the world's first precision power scope.

With the launch of the PX8000, R&D professionals need no longer compromise on their need for high-accuracy time-based power measurement, a need that conventional power analyzers and oscilloscopes were never designed to meet.

As more and more innovation focuses on energy consumption and the integration of electronics into power-based systems, so more and more engineers are demanding accuracy and precision from their power measurement.

The PX8000 delivers:

**Insight** – Precision power measurement gives true insights into energy consumption and performance.

**Confidence** – Proven, high-quality production means the PX8000 can be relied upon to deliver over extended periods of time.

**Familiarity** – Users experience a short learning curve thanks to features familiar to anyone who's used to power measurements or oscilloscopes.



#### 2

## Features and benefits

## Transient power measurement and analysis



### Simultaneous power calculation

The PX8000 provides simultaneous voltage and current multiplication to give real-time power sampling. This supports both transient measurement (as standard) and numerical values averaged across the sample period. The available measurement period will depend on the sample rate and the memory size.

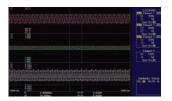


## Cycle-by-cycle power trend measurement

Trend measurements between waveforms can be calculated by mathematical functions (up to four million points). The PX8000 provides graphical displays of voltage, current and power readings. The waveforms can be inspected for specific numerical values at any point and averages can be calculated between start and stop cursors.

Such capabilities are particularly important when analyzing and optimizing the performance of, for instance, lighting and electric motors at start-up.

The PX8000 has a number of innovative features that support the crucial measurement and analysis of transient power profiles.



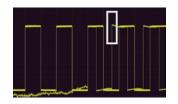
## Specific time-period measurement

The PX8000 supports the capture of power waveforms over specific periods of time through the definition of start and stop "cursors". This is particularly useful for examining transient phenomena and in the design of periodically controlled equipment. To ensure that equipment such as photocopiers complies with energy standards, for instance, it is vital to measure power consumption across a range of different modes from "sleep" to full activity - and all the transient states in between.



## X-Y display and phase analysis

For certain tasks it is important to be able to display values on an X-Y axis. Motors, for instance, are characterized by an ST-curve that shows the relationship between speed and torque. The PX8000 supports such displays as standard. It can also display lissajous waveforms of input and output for phase analysis.



#### Capturing sudden or irregular phenomena

Abnormal phenomena discovered during repeated high-frequency measurements can often be hard to isolate, disappearing from the screen almost as soon as they appear. The PX8000 has an always-active History function that automatically records up to 1000 historical waveforms. These waveforms can be recalled and redisplayed at any time. They can also used to redefine trigger conditions.

Historical waveforms are explored via condition-based searches. Specific abnormal phenomena, for instance, can be located by searching only for waveforms that cross - or do not cross - a certain rectangular zone. Other search parameters include waveform amplitude and RMS.



#### Long-period data capture and analysis

A PC application software for the PX8000, called PowerViewerPlus, can be used to capture waveform data for further analysis. This extends the ability of the PX8000 to use mathematical functions to analyze longer term performance.

PC connection is via standard Ethernet/USB/GP-IB connections. The user-friendly software displays waveforms in a simple and clear graphical style that will be familiar to users of Yokogawa's popular Xviewer software.

Researchers who want to use their own analysis software will be able to establish a connection to the PX8000 via the LabVIEW driver.



#### FFT analysis

The PX8000 features arithmetical. time-shift, FFT and other computations that enable users to display waveforms with offsets and skew corrections. Users can also define their own computations via equations that combine differentials, integrals, digital filters and a wealth of other functions.



#### Simultaneous harmonic measurement

The PX8000 makes it possible to simultaneously measure the harmonic components of voltage and current waves as well as the harmonic distortion factor. Harmonic measurements take place in parallel with conventional voltage and current measurement. Harmonics up to the 500th order of the fundamental can be measured.

The PX8000 in detail PX8000

## The PX8000 in detail

## Display format selection: Comprehensive range of display functions for power analysis, including numeric/waveform/vector/bar/X-Y graphs.

#### Wiring selection:

Choose between different wiring, according to the relevant electricity system: single-phase, two- and three-wire (1P2W/1P3W/3P3W) and three-phase, three- and four-wire (3P3W/3P3W(3V3A)/3P4W) connectivity.

#### Acquire settings:

Memory size setting and History function for displaying and analyzing irregular waveform data. Sampling frequency is determined by memory size and time axis selections.

#### Module parameter settings:

Measurement parameters and options include voltage/current (direct/sensor) ranges, autoranging, offset, vertical zoom, filter, scaling and synchronized sources.

#### 5 Power analysis settings:

Analytical functions include cycle-bycycle trend calculation, specific timeperiod measurement, and harmonic analysis and FFT analysis. There is a null setting for capturing sensor input conditions.





Modules PX8000

### **Modules**



#### De-skewed measurement set-up

Sensors can introduce phase errors or skew between the current and voltage inputs.



#### Voltage module

12-bit sampling at up to 100 MS/s
DC to 20 MHz bandwidth (-3 dB)
1.5 V to 1000 Vrms direct input
45 Hz to 1 kHz accuracy: 0.1% of reading, +0.1% of range

#### Current module

12-bit sampling at up to 100 MS/s
DC to 10 MHz bandwidth (-3 dB, direct input)
DC to 20 MHz bandwidth (-3 dB, sensor voltage input)
10 mA to 5 Arms direct input
50 mV to 10 Vrms sensor input
45 Hz to 1 kHz accuracy: 0.1% of reading, +0.1% of range

Power measurement element includes voltage and current module (up to four modules).

## Sensor and voltage measurement module (up to three modules can be installed) Auxiliary (AUX) module

12-bit sampling at up to 100 MS/s
DC to 20 MHz bandwidth (-3 dB)
Up to 200 V (DC+ACpeak) via direct input
Up to 1000 V (DC+ACpeak) via probe input
Accuracy: 1% of range (DC)
Torque and speed sensor inputs
Pulse input from 2 Hz to 1 MHz

#### Safety and error-prevention features

To prevent incompatibilities, the PX8000 will detect miss-matched current and voltage modules and flag them with an on-screen warning message.

The PX8000 also comes with a range of standard dedicated input connectors designed to prevent incorrect or dangerous power connections. Using these connectors, it is not possible, for instance, to connect a current to a voltage input terminal.

A tie-wrap system prevents accidental current terminal disconnection.



6

## Connectivity



#### Long phenomena capture

The large internal memory of up to 100 M Points enables long term measurements to be made at high and appropriate sample rates.

#### VIDEO OUT

Video signal output for enhanced display on analog RGB displays

#### GP-IB

General purpose interface bus

#### 3 IRIG

Synchronize multiple instruments via an external time source (optional)

#### EXT I/O

The PX8000 can be used to send a GO/NO-GO signal based on set conditions; equally external signals can be used to trigger measurement and analysis.

#### SD card slot

SD- and SDHC-compliant

#### USB-PC

Enables control from a PC

#### \_ USE

For connection to a range of peripherals including storage, keyboard and mouse

#### 8 Ethernet

1000 BASE-T comes as standard

#### TRIGGER IN

External trigger input

#### 10 TRIGGER OUT

External trigger output

#### 11 EXT CLK IN

Sampling can be timed to an external signal (up to 9.5 MHz)

7

## Power meets precision

R&D teams everywhere are coming to terms with the need for new levels of precision in power measurement. With pervasive microprocessor control and on-going pressure to reduce energy consumption, the lines between electrical and electronic engineering continue to blur – and the need for a new class of hybrid measurement is emerging.

Traditional power measurement instruments cannot provide accurate time measurements; oscilloscopes are not designed to measure power. The PX8000 is the world's first precision power scope, bringing oscilloscope-style time-based measurement to the world of power measurement.

The PX8000's time-based accuracy brings a new dimension to power analysis. It can capture voltage and current waveforms precisely, opening up applications and solutions for a huge variety of emerging power measurement problems.

#### Focus on precision

The PX8000 brings high-precision waveform capabilities to power measurement. Among the features unique to the PX8000 are:

#### **Multifunction snapshots**

Up to 16 different waveforms – including voltage, current and power – can be displayed side-by-side, giving engineers instant snapshots of performance.

#### **Detailed transient analysis**

The PX8000 supports the measurement of all power waveform parameters between precisely defined start and stop cursors.

#### **Trend calculation**

The PX8000 has built-in functions for the direct calculation of variables, such as root mean square (RMS) and mean power values, to enable the identification of cycle-by-cycle trends.

#### **De-skew compensation**

The PX8000's de-skewing function eliminates offsets between current and voltage signals that may be caused by sensor or input characteristics.

#### The Yokogawa power analyzer series

The PX8000 is the new flagship product for Yokogawa's range of industry-proven power analyzers. Yokogawa's first power measurement instrument was designed back in the 1960s, and its power analyzers have played an important role in sustainable industrial development ever since.

## isoPRO. – pioneering measurement technology



The PX8000 is powered by Yokogawa's isoPRO... technology, which offers industry-leading isolation performance at the highest speeds. isoPRO core technology, designed with energy-saving applications in mind, delivers the performance needed to develop high-efficiency inverters that operate at high voltages, large currents and high frequency.

#### 9 Focus on power

Innovators everywhere are focusing on key questions that can only be answered by measuring power precisely.

How can we minimize energy loss? How can we boost performance? How can we efficiently use renewable energy sources?



Inverter performance and efficiency



Photovoltaic cells for solar power



Smart grid solutions



Electric/hybrid vehicles



Wireless power charging

## **Applications**

The PX8000 is an immensely versatile instrument, unlocking precision power measurement capabilities for researchers working on everything from renewable power to advanced robotics. Anywhere that power consumption is at a premium – which means almost anywhere power is consumed – can benefit from the introduction of the PX8000's precision measurement and analysis capabilities.

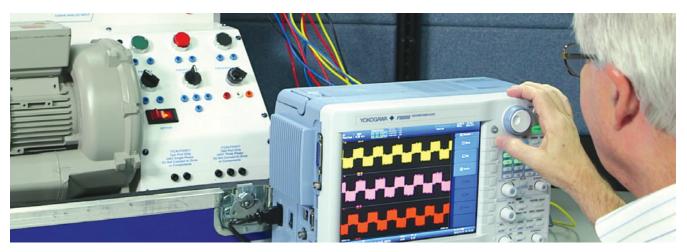
The following pages cover some typical applications for the PX8000. For help in designing your own measurement strategy, please contact your usual Yokogawa representative.









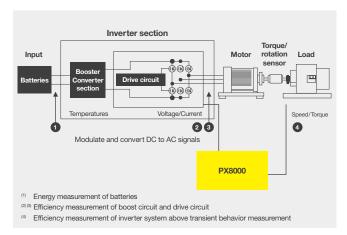


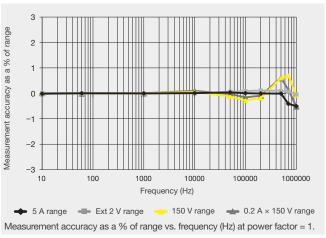
#### 11

## Inverter and motor testing

#### **Overview**

Electric and hybrid vehicles have many electrical and mechanical components, and overall performance evaluation requires measuring the efficiency of both. The PX8000's flexibility, accuracy and wide bandwidth make it ideal for drawing together the range of power readings needed to optimize the efficiency of boost circuits and inverters – two key elements in overall electric vehicle performance.





#### The PX8000 advantage

#### Wide bandwidth

The vertical resolution of analog/digital conversion is one of the most important factors in precision measurement. The PX8000 has 12-bit resolution with 100 MS/s sampling and 20 MHz bandwidth. This means the PX8000 can be used for accurate measurement of inverter pulse shapes, which can then be used to fine-tune inverter efficiency.

## Transient measurement by cycle-by-cycle trend

The PX8000's ability to analyze cycle-by-cycle trends makes it ideal for the measurement of transient effects. During the start-up phase of an inverter and motor, for example, current increases can be analyzed in each cycle. And when the load changes rapidly, the engineers can gain insights that will enable them to improve the control of the inverter.

#### Harmonic and FFT analysis

The PX8000 has both harmonic and FFT measurement capabilities for frequency-based analysis. The Harmonic function can measure fundamental waveforms from 20 Hz to 6.4 kHz. This is particularly useful for analyzing higher harmonic component and causes of noise in electromechanical systems.

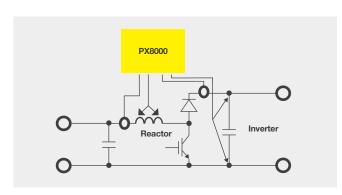
## Offset cancels by individual NULL function

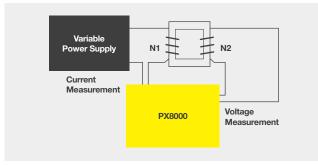
A common problem when testing inverter motors is the presence of ambient noise that can mean test values are nonzero even before testing begins. The PX8000's offset capabilities mean such effects can be nullified and specific inputs can be isolated for testing and analysis.

### Reactor loss measurement of inverter boost circuits

#### **Overview**

A reactor is used to filter out noise and boost voltage levels prior to the use of an inverter. It consists of an electromagnetic material core and a coil. A main focus for electrical engineers is to reduce power loss across the total inverter system, and reactor performance is of particular interest. There are two potential evaluation methods: direct loss measurement of the reactor and iron loss measurement. The PX8000 supports either methodology because it can accommodate both high frequency measurement and low-power-factor conditions.





#### The PX8000 advantage

#### Low-power-factor measurement

Higher sampling rates and broad bandwidth make the PX8000 particularly useful for testing devices, such as transformers and reactors, that have lower power factors. It is particularly important to measure the precise power consumption of such devices at high frequency.

#### De-skew functionality

To analyze power consumption in low-power-factor devices it is particularly important to minimize any time differences between voltage and current caused by sensor input characteristics. The PX8000 provides precise de-skew adjustment to compensate for this time difference.

#### Core loss measurement under high frequency

Analyzing reactor core loss is an example of how the PX8000's user-defined functions can be utilized to provide an instant analysis of system performance.

In this example, core loss is calculated based on primary coil current and secondary coil voltage (using readings from an Epstein device), while magnetic flux density (B) and magnetic field (H) are calculated by factoring in input frequency, cross-sectional area and other parameters. All values can be displayed directly by the PX8000.

Measurement items specified using user-defined function as follows:

$$B = \frac{\text{Voltage (mean)}}{\sqrt{2} \, \text{Tl} \times \text{Current freq.} \times \text{N2} \times \text{cross section}}$$

$$H = \frac{\text{N1} \times \text{Primary coil peak current}}{\text{Effective magnetic path length}}$$

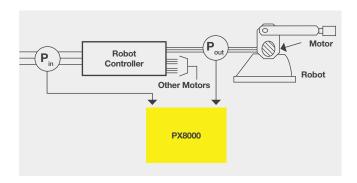
## Transient responses of industrial robots

#### **Overview**

To evaluate motor-driven robots, power consumption of all motors and controllers are measured throughout all operational speeds and action patterns. Design engineers need to measure inrush voltage, current and power over the pattern of repeated actions. Efficiency is calculated by comparing mechanical output with input power.

During actual operating conditions, the time to accelerate and decelerate such motors can range from several hundred milliseconds to several seconds. As a PWM-driven motor rotates from the reset position to the top speed, the drive frequency changes from DC to several hundred Hz.

The PX8000 gives design engineers insight into power consumption and efficiency throughout a robot's operational performance.



#### The PX8000 advantage

#### Specific time-period analysis

The PX8000 supports the measurement of waveform data between specific Start/Stop cursors. Combined with its multi-channel capabilities and its Long memory and History functions, this makes the PX8000 particularly useful in rating a robot's operational power consumption.

### Efficiency measurement of boosters, inverters and motors

A single PX8000 unit can measure both the input/ output power of inverters and the mechanical output of a motor. By installing three power units and one AUX module, the PX8000 can be configured to provide an instantaneous measure of component efficiency.

## Transient measurement by trend computation

With its instantaneous power calculations, the PX8000 is ideal for evaluating and optimizing transient effects. Its cycle-by-cycle trend analysis provides further insights into this crucial area of robotics engineering.

#### Longer time-period measurement

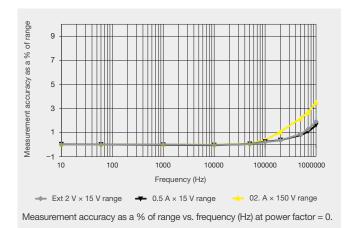
To analyze some robotic operations, it may be necessary to perform cycle-by-cycle trend analysis over a long period of time. The PowerViewerPlus software extends this mathematical capability to enable deep insights to be obtained from the data.

## Wireless charger efficiency measurement

#### Overview

The development of wireless charging technology for mobile devices like smartphones and tablet devices is a focus for research. Automotive manufacturers are looking into the possibilities of charging electric vehicles wirelessly too.

Wireless charging depends on two electromagnetic coils being configured to support particular frequency profiles. Efficient power transfer and the prevention of power loss are naturally particularly important. The PX8000 is ideally suited for measuring such systems because of its ability to operate at high frequencies and low power factors.



#### The PX8000 advantage

### Wireless charger efficiency evaluation

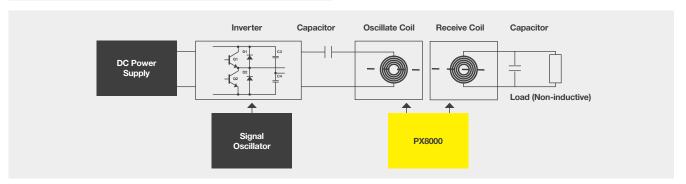
To evaluate the efficiency of wireless transfer (including inverters), at least three power measurement elements are required. The PX8000, with its four input channels, can analyze the performance of the whole system simultaneously.

## Low-power-factor device measurement

The PX8000's higher sampling rates and broad bandwidth make it ideally suited for wireless power transfer systems. (The PX8000 supports 12-bit resolution, sample rates of up to 100 MS/s and a 20 MHz bandwidth.) Crucially, this means the PX8000 supports the measurement of low-power-factor systems operating at very high frequencies.

#### **De-skew functionality**

Because the PX8000 provides a de-skew function, differences between voltage and current that are introduced by sensor and input characteristics can be compensated for and therefore eliminated from the analysis of low-power-factor systems.



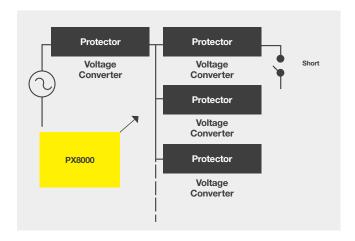
### Power distribution

#### **Overview**

15

Power distribution systems have to maintain constant voltage and constant power during load switching or in the case of a short circuit. Distribution protectors or circuit breakers for three-phase electricity systems must therefore be tested at transient voltage and power levels.

The PX8000 can capture fluctuating voltage and current waveform, calculate power parameters (including voltage and current values), determine an average over a specified period and display all values.



#### The PX8000 advantage

## Simultaneous three-phase data capture

To evaluate three-phase electrical systems, at least three power measurement inputs are required. The PX8000 not only has four inputs but also enables the simultaneous capture and display of voltage and current across all three phases.

#### Specific time-period measurement

For a true evaluation of distribution protection, it is necessary to measure a full cycle of voltage, current and power values half a cycle after the recovery from a short circuit. The PX8000 can easily be set up to focus on such a specific period.

#### Harmonic and FFT analysis

The PX8000 has capabilities for both harmonic measurement and FFT for frequency analysis. The harmonic function can measure fundamental frequencies from 20 Hz to 6.4 kHz, and FFT has 1 k to 100 k points calculation across up to two channels. Such measurements are vital for identifying harmonic currents and identifying sources of noise.

put	
Shape	Plug-in input module style
Module structure	Voltage module, Current module and Auxiliary (AUX) module Power measurement element: one Voltage module and one Current module Max. 8 modules (max. 4 power measurement elements) can be installed AUX module can be installed max. 3 (at least one power measurement elements must be installed).
Max. channel number	8 ch, combination of Voltage/Current modules and AUX module
Max. record length	Standard 10 M points for each voltage and current regardless of the installe number of modules.  The memory cannot be combined, each memory of module is individual.
	50 M points for each voltage and current regardless of the installed channel number of input modules when /M1 option is installed.
	100 M points for each voltage and current regardless of the installed channe number of input modules when /M2 option is installed.
Itage/Current input modules (	760811/760812) Specifications
Input terminal type	Voltage: Plug-in terminal (female)  Current: Direct input: Plug-in terminal (male)  External current sensor input: isolated BNC
Input format	Voltage: Floating input, resistive voltage divider
	Current: Floating input through shunt
Measurement range	Voltage: 1.5/3/6/10/15/30/60/100/150/300/600/1000 Vrms (crest factor=2 at rated range input)
	Current: Direct input (5 A) 10 m/20 m/50 m/100 m/200 m/500 m/1/2/5 Arms (Crest factor=2 at rated range input)
	Current: External current sensor input 50 m/100 m/200 m/500 m/1/2/5/10 Vrms (Crest factor=2)
Line filter	Select from OFF, 500 Hz, 2 kHz, 20 kHz, and 1 MHz.
Frequency filter	Select from OFF, 100 Hz, 500 Hz, 2 kHz and 20 kHz.
A/D converter	Resolution: 12 bit
Max sample rate	Conversion ratio (sampling period): Approx. 10 ns. (100 MS/s) For harmonic measurement, please refer to harmonic function.
ıxiliary (AUX) module (760851)	
Number of input channels	2, switchable analog or pulse input
Input coupling	AC, DC, or GND
Input format	Isolated unbalanced
Frequency characteristics	DC to 20 MHz (-3 dB point when sine wave of amplitude ±3 div is applied)
Voltage-axis sensitivity setting	50 mV to 100 V (1-2-5 steps) (when using 1: 1 probe attenuation)
A/D conversion resolution	12 bit
Temperature coefficient  Bandwidth limit	±(0.1% of range/°C) (typical)
Balldwidth III III	Select from OFF, 2 MHz, 1.28 MHz, 640 kHz, 320 kHz, 160 kHz, 80 kHz, 40 kHz, 20 kHz, and 10 kHz Cut-off characteristics: –18 dB/OCT (when 2 MHz, Typical)
Accuracy (analog)	DC: ±1% of range (typical)  * Measured under the standard operating conditions
Frequency measurement range	2 Hz to 1 MHz, displaying range: 1.8 Hz to 2 MHz
Pulse width	500 ns or wider
Accuracy (pulse)	$\pm (0.05\%$ of reading) $\pm 1$ count error (10 ns), Except, the observation time is greater or equal to 300 times the period of the pulse.
igger Function	
Trigger mode	Auto, Auto Level, Normal, Single, N Single, or On Start
mple Trigger Trigger source	Un, In, Pn, AUXn, EXT, LINE, or Time n = channel number
mgger source	Date (year, month, and day), time (hour and minute), and time interval (10
Time Trigger	
Time Trigger	seconds to 24 hours)
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hanced trigger Trigger source Trigger type me Base Time axis setting (Observation time) "Time/div" splay Display Number of dots Waveform displaying dot size Displaying format	Un, In, Pn, AUXn or EXT  A → B(N): A Delay B: Edge on A: AND: OR: B>Time: B Time: B Time Out: B Between: Period: T>Time T <time: t\<="" td="">   Time/div setting: 100 ns/div to 1 s/div (1-2-5 step), 2 s/div, 3 s/div, 4 s/div, 5 s/div, 6 s/div, 8 s/div, 10 s/div, 20 s/div, 30 s/div, 1 min/div and 2 min/div Observation time: 1us to 1200 s  10.4 inch TFT LCD display  10.24 x 768 XGA  801 x 656 (Waveform Display)  Combination:  Max. 2 types of format can be displayed Numeric 4 items/8 items/16 items/Matrix/Ali/Single List/Dual List/Custom Wave 1/2/3/4/6/8/1/2/16  Bar Single/Dual/Triad Vector Single/Dual ZOOM1 and ZOOM2 (divided lower display area) FFT1 and FFT2 (divided lower display area) XY1 and XY2 (divided lower display area)</time:>
ihanced trigger Trigger source Trigger type me Base Time axis setting (Observation time) "Time/div" splay Display Number of dots Waveform displaying dot size Displaying format  Display update	Un, In, Pn, AUXn or EXT  A → B(N): A Delay B: Edge on A: AND: OR: B>Time: B Time: B Time Out: B Between: Period: T>Time T <time: (1-2-5="" (divided="" (waveform="" 1="" 10="" 10.24="" 10.4="" 100="" 1200="" 16="" 1us="" 2="" 20="" 216="" 3="" 30="" 4="" 5="" 6="" 656="" 768="" 8="" 801="" \text{t1,="" all="" and="" area)<="" bar="" be="" can="" combination:="" custom="" display="" display)="" displayed="" div="" div,="" dual="" format="" inch="" items="" lcd="" list="" lower="" matrix="" max.="" min="" ns="" numeric="" observation="" of="" s="" setting:="" single="" step),="" t\2t2:="" t\2ti\2t:="" t\2time:="" td="" tft="" time="" time:="" to="" triad="" types="" vector="" wave="" window}="" x="" xga="" zoom1="" zoom2=""></time:>
inhanced trigger Trigger source Trigger type Trigger type Trigger type Trigger type Trigger type Trime axis setting (Observation time) Time axis setting (Observation time) Time/div* Splay Display Number of dots Waveform displaying dot size Displaying format  Display update Triple t	Un, In, Pn, AUXn or EXT  A → B(N): A Delay B: Edge on A: AND: OR: B>Time: B <time: b="" between:="" out:="" period:="" t="" time="">Time T<time: (1-2-5="" (divided="" (waveform="" 1="" 10="" 10.24="" 10.4="" 100="" 12="" 1200="" 16="" 1us="" 2="" 20="" 3="" 30="" 4="" 5="" 6="" 656="" 768="" 8="" 801="" all="" and="" area)="" bar="" be="" can="" combination:="" custom="" depends="" display="" display)="" displayed="" div="" div,="" dual="" format="" inch="" items="" lcd="" length<="" list="" lower="" matrix="" max.="" min="" ns="" numeric="" observation="" of="" on="" pft2="" record="" s="" setting="" setting:="" single="" step),="" t1<t<t2:="" t<t1,="" t<t2:="" td="" tft="" time="" time:="" to="" triad="" types="" vector="" wave="" window="" xga="" ×=""></time:></time:>
ihanced trigger Trigger source Trigger type me Base Time axis setting (Observation time) "Time/div" splay Display Number of dots Waveform displaying dot size Displaying format  Display update	Un, In, Pn, AUXn or EXT  A → B(N): A Delay B: Edge on A: AND: OR: B>Time: B Time: B Time Out: B Between: Period: T>Time T <time: t\<="" td="">   Time/div setting: 100 ns/div to 1 s/div (1-2-5 step), 2 s/div, 3 s/div, 4 s/div, 5 s/div, 6 s/div, 8 s/div, 10 s/div, 20 s/div, 30 s/div, 1 min/div and 2 min/div Observation time: 1us to 1200 s  10.4 inch TFT LCD display  10.24 x 768 XGA  801 x 656 (Waveform Display)  Combination:  Max. 2 types of format can be displayed Numeric 4 items/8 items/16 items/Matrix/Ali/Single List/Dual List/Custom Wave 1/2/3/4/6/8/1/2/16  Bar Single/Dual/Triad Vector Single/Dual ZOOM1 and ZOOM2 (divided lower display area) FFT1 and FFT2 (divided lower display area) XY1 and XY2 (divided lower display area)</time:>
hanced trigger Trigger source Trigger type me Base Time axis setting (Observation time) "Time/div" splay Display Number of dots Waveform displaying dot size Displaying format  Display update umerical Display Max. digit of numeric display	Un, In, Pn, AUXn or EXT  A → B(N): A Delay B: Edge on A: AND: OR: B>Time: B <time: b="" between:="" out:="" period:="" t="" time="">Time T<time: (1-2-5="" (divided="" (waveform="" 1="" 10="" 10.24="" 10.4="" 100="" 12="" 1200="" 16="" 1us="" 2="" 20="" 3="" 30="" 4="" 5="" 6="" 656="" 768="" 8="" 801="" all="" and="" area)="" bar="" be="" can="" cidivided="" combination:="" custom="" depends="" display="" display)="" displayed="" div="" div,="" dual="" fft1="" fft2="" format="" inch="" items="" lcd="" length<="" list="" lower="" matrix="" max.="" min="" ns="" numerio="" observation="" of="" on="" record="" s="" setting="" setting:="" single="" step),="" t1<t<12:="" t<12:="" t<t1,="" td="" tft="" time="" time:="" to="" triad="" types="" vector="" wave="" window="" xga="" ×=""></time:></time:>
Interpretation of the property	Un, In, Pn, AUXn or EXT  A → B(N): A Delay B: Edge on A: AND: OR: B>Time: B <time: b="" between:="" out:="" period:="" t="" time="">Time T<time: (1-2-5="" (divided="" (waveform="" 1="" 10="" 10.24="" 10.4="" 100="" 12="" 1200="" 16="" 1us="" 2="" 20="" 3="" 30="" 4="" 5="" 6="" 656="" 768="" 8="" 801="" all="" and="" area)="" bar="" be="" can="" cidivided="" combination:="" custom="" depends="" display="" display)="" displayed="" div="" div,="" dual="" fft1="" fft2="" format="" inch="" items="" lcd="" length<="" list="" lower="" matrix="" max.="" min="" ns="" numerio="" observation="" of="" on="" record="" s="" setting="" setting:="" single="" step),="" t1<t<12:="" t<12:="" t<t1,="" td="" tft="" time="" time:="" to="" triad="" types="" vector="" wave="" window="" xga="" ×=""></time:></time:>
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inhanced trigger Trigger source Trigger type  me Base Time axis setting (Observation time) "Time/div"  splay Display Number of dots Waveform displaying dot size Displaying format  Display update  merical Display  Max. digit of numeric display Number of displayed items aveform Display  Displaying items	Un, In, Pn, AUXn or EXT  A → B(N): A Delay B: Edge on A: AND: OR: B>Time: B <time: b="" between:="" out:="" period:="" t="" time="">Time T<time: (1-2-5="" (999999)="" (displaying="" (divided="" (or="" (waveform="" 1="" 10="" 10.4="" 100="" 1024="" 12="" 1200="" 16="" 16,="" 1us="" 2="" 2)="" 20="" 3="" 3)="" 30="" 4="" 4,="" 5="" 6="" 656="" 768="" 8="" 8,="" 801="" 8<="" 99999),="" all="" all,="" and="" area)="" aux3="" aux4="" aux5="" aux6="" ay1="" bar="" be="" can="" combination:="" current="" custom="" depends="" digits="" display="" display)="" displayed="" div="" div,="" dual="" element="" fft1="" fft2="" format="" from="" full="" inch="" items="" lcd="" length="" list="" list,="" lower="" math="" matrix="" matrix,="" max.="" maximum="" min="" ns="" numeric="" observation="" of="" on="" or="" power="" record="" s="" select="" selected="" setting="" setting:="" single="" step),="" t\27-272:="" t\271,="" t\272:="" td="" tft="" time="" time:="" to="" triad="" types="" vector="" voltage,="" wave="" waveforms="" window="" xga="" xy2="" zoom1="" zoom2="" ×=""></time:></time:>

1,70000	
Zoom Display Zoom	Expand the displayed waveform along with the time axis (up to 2 separate
FFT Display	locations). The zoom position can be automatically scrolled.
FFT	Power spectrum of input waveform, Max. two windows
X-Y display	
X-Y Display	The X and Y axes can be selected from $\mbox{Un/ln/Pn/AUXn}$ , MATHn (Max. four traces, two windows).
Crest Factor	Up to 200 (effective minimum input). Up to 2 (rated input)
Measurement period	CfU: Voltage crest factor, CfI: Current crest factor  Measurement period to calculate numerical values  - Period of measurement update cycle based on zero crossing or external gate signal source signal
Wiring method	- 8192 points for harmonic measurement from specified start cursor  1P2W (Single phase 2 wire), 1P3W (Single phase 3 wire), 3P3W (3 phase 3 wire), 3V3A (3 phase 3 wire, 3 power meter method), 3P4W (3 phase 4 wire)
Scaling	0.0001 to 99999.9999 can be set for scaling of VT ratio, CT ratio and power ratio when external current sensor, VT or CT are used for the input Linear scaling function is available for AUX module (760851)
Frequency measurement	
Number of displayed digits	Full 5 digits (99999)
Max frequency	5.0000 MHz
Accuracy Frequency Measurement filter	±0.1 of reading  Same as Zero-cross filter (OFF/100 Hz/500 Hz/2 kHz/20 kHz)
Harmonics measurement	04110 do 2510 01000 mon (0117 100 1 22 000 1 22 1 d 22 20 d 22)
Method	PLL synchronization method (not available for external sampling clock function)
Frequency range	The range for the fundamental frequency of the PLL source is 20 Hz to 6.4 kHz, and sampling frequency is more than 2 MS/s. Time/div is 2 ms/div or higher. ACQ Time Base is set to Int
FFT data length	8192, the analysis (calculation) start point can be set freely in the acquisition memory data. Acquisition data length is required twice of window length.
Window function	Rectangular
Sample rages, window width and upper limits of harmonic analysis	Fundamental freq. Sample rate Window width Upper limit of harmonics 20 Hz to 600 Hz f × 1024 8 cycles 500 order 600 Hz to 1200 Hz f × 512 16 cycles 255 order 1200 Hz to 2600 Hz f × 256 32 cycles 100 order 2600 Hz to 6400 Hz f × 128 64 cycles 50 order
Accuracy	Line filter OFF Add below expression to normal measurement
Waveform data acquisition and	
Acquisition mode	Normal Normal waveform data acquisition  Envelop: The peak values are held at the maximum sample rate regardless of the Time/div setting.  Averaging: The number of times to average can be set to 2 to 65536 in 2° steps.
Zoom	Expand the displayed waveform along with the time axis (up to 2 separate locations). The zoom position can be automatically scrolled.
Display format	1/2/3/4/6/8/12, and 16 analog waveform windows
Snapshot	The currently displayed waveforms can be retained on the screen. Snapshot waveforms can be saved and loaded.
Vertical and Horizontal Control Channel ON/OFF	Lip in Do. ALIVe or MATHe can be timped ON and OFF concretely.
Vertical axis zooming	Un, In, Pn, AUXn or MATHn can be turned ON and OFF separately  × 0.1 to × 100
- Vol tiotal axis 20011iii ig	Upper and lower limits can be used to set the scale.
Roll Mode	Roll mode is enabled automatically when the trigger mode is set to Auto, Auto Level, Single, or On Start, and the time axis setting is greater than or equal to 100 ms/div.
Analysis Functions	
Power parameters calculation	Calculate Voltage, Current. Power, Delta parameters, frequency and AUX values from captured waveforms  Apparent power, reactive power and power factor and those Sigma values are calculated from the Voltage, Current and Power values
Automated measurement of Waveform parameters	Up to 24 items can be displayed P-P, Amp, Max, Min, High, Low, Avg, Mid, Rms, Sdev, +OvrShoot, -OvrShoot, Rise, Fall, Freq, Period, +Width, Duty, Pulse,Burst1, Burst2, AvgFreq, AvgPeriod, Int1TY, Int2TY, Int1XY, Int2XY, Int1hXY (IntegPower/IntegCurrent) Int2hXY (IntegPower/IntegCurrent)
Statistical processing	Application items: Automated measurement values of waveform parameters Statistical items: Max, Min, Avg, Sdv, and Cnt
Cyclic statistical processing	Automatically measures the waveform parameters of the data in the acquisition memory and performs statistical processing on the parameters once per period.
User defined computation (MATH)	Max. 8 expressions for waveforms MATH1 to MATH8, Max. 4 Mpoint, regarding Digital filter +, -, ", /, SHFT, ABS, SORT, LOG, EXP, NEG, SIN, COS, TAN, ATAN, PH, DIF, DDIF, INTG, INTG, BIN, SOR, CUBE, FI, F2, FV, PWHH, PWHL, PWLH, PWXX, DUTYH, DUTYL, FILT1, FILT2, HLBT, MEAN, LS, PS, PSD-, CS-, TF-, CH, MAG, LOGMAG, PHASE, REAL, IMAG, TREND, TRENDD, TRENDD, TRENDE, HH, LLL, XX and ZC
User defined computation (numeric)	Max. 20 expressions, F1 to F20 +, _, *, / ABS, SQRT, LOG, EXP and NEG
De-sckew function	Compensate the phase difference between voltage and current modules of a power measurement element
GO/NO-GO determination File Functions	Two types of GO/NO-GO determination are available
Save	Setup data, Waveform data (including History data), Numeric data and Image data can be saved external media.
Load	Waveform data (including History data up to 1000 waveform) and setup data
FFT Function	
Waveform to be computed  Number of channels	Un, In, Pn, AUXn and MATHn 2
Computation range	From the specified computation start point until the specified number of points have been computed

PX8000

Computed points	1 k, 2 k, 5 k, 10 k, 20 k, 50 k, or 100 k
Time windows	Rectangular, Hamming, Hanning, Flat top, or Exponential
Built-in Printer (/B5 Option)	
Print system	Thermal line dot system
Sheet width	112 mm
Storage Functions	
SD Card	
Number of slot	1 16 GB
Max. capacity Supported cards	SD and SDHC compliant memory card
JSB Ports for Peripherals	SD and SD 10 compliant memory card
Compatible USB storage	Mass storage devices that are compliant with USB Mass Storage Class Ver. 1
devices	Wass storage devices tractare compliant with oob wass drorage class vol. I.
JSB Peripheral Interface	
Number of ports	2
Electrical and mechanical specifications	USB Rev. 2.0 compliant
Supported transfer mode	HS (High Speed, 480 Mbps), FS Full Speed, 12 Mbps), and LS Low Speed,
capported transfer friede	1.5 Mbps)
nput/Output	
EXT TRIG IN	
Connector type	BNC
Input level	TTL
Minimum pulse width	100 ns
EXT TRG OUT	Bu G
Connector type	BNC
Output level	5 V CMOS
Logic EXT CLK IN	Low when a trigger occurs and high after acquisition is completed
Connector type	DNIC
Connector type	BNC
Input level Minimum pulso width	TTL 50 ps
Minimum pulse width	50 ns
/ideo Output	D. Quib 15 pin recenteds
Connector type Output format	D-Sub 15 pin receptacle  Analog RGB
Output resolution	XGA-compliant output 1024 × 768 dots
Output resolution	Approx. 60 Hz Vsync (dot clock frequency: 66 MHz)
GO/NO-GO Determination I/O	
Connector type	RJ-11 modular jack
Input level	TTL or contact
External Start/Stop Input	
Connector type	RJ-11 modular jack
Input level	TTL or contact
Input level Comp Output	TTL or contact
	TTL or contact  1 kHz ±1%
Comp Output	
Output signal frequency	1 kHz ±1% 1 Vp-p ±10%
Output signal frequency Output amplitude	1 kHz ±1% 1 Vp-p ±10%
Comp Output  Output signal frequency  Output amplitude  Probe Power Output (/P4 Option	1 kHz ±1% 1 Vp-p ±10% pn) 4 ±12 Vdc
Comp Output  Output signal frequency  Output amplitude  Probe Power Output (/P4 Optic  Number of output terminals  Output voltage  Output current	1 kHz ±1% 1 Vp-p ±10% on) 4 ±12 Vdc Total max. of 1 A
Output signal frequency Output signal frequency Output amplitude Probe Power Output (/P4 Opti Number of output terminals Output voltage Output current Time Sync Signal Input (IRIG: /	1 kHz ±1%  1 Vp-p ±10%  00  4  ±12 Vdc  Total max. of 1 A  C20 option)
Comp Output Output signal frequency Output amplitude Probe Power Output (/P4 Option Number of output terminals Output voltage Output current Firme Sync Signal Input (IRIG: /	1 kHz ±1%  1 Vp-p ±10%  on)  4  ±12 Vdc  Total max. of 1 A  C20 option)  BNC
Comp Output Output signal frequency Output amplitude Probe Power Output (//P4 Optic Number of output terminals Output voltage Output current Firme Sync Signal Input (IRIG: // Input connector Supported IRIG signals	1 kHz ±1%  1 Vp-p ±10%  on)  4  ±12 Vdc  Total max. of 1 A  C20 option)  BNC  A002, B002, A132, and B122
Comp Output Output signal frequency Output amplitude Probe Power Output (/P4 Option Number of output terminals Output voltage Output current Firme Sync Signal Input (IRIG: /	1 kHz ±1%  1 Vp-p ±10%  on)  4  ±12 Vdc  Total max. of 1 A  C20 option)  BNC
Output signal frequency Output signal frequency Output amplitude Probe Power Output (/P4 Option Number of output terminals Output voltage Output current Firme Sync Signal Input (IRIG: / Input connector Supported IRIG signals Input impedance Maximum input voltage	1 kHz ±1%  1 Vp-p ±10%  on)  4  ±12 Vdc  Total max. of 1 A  C20 option)  BNC  A002, B002, A132, and B122
Output signal frequency Output signal frequency Output amplitude Probe Power Output (/P4 Option Number of output terminals Output voltage Output current Firme Sync Signal Input (IRIG: // Input connector Supported IRIG signals Input impedance Maximum input voltage SP-IB	1 kHz ±1% 1 Vp-p ±10%  on)  4  ±12 Vdc  Total max. of 1 A  C20 option)  BNC  A002, B002, A132, and B122  Can be switched between 50 Ohm and 5 kOhm. ±8 V
Output signal frequency Output signal frequency Output amplitude Probe Power Output (/P4 Opti Number of output terminals Output voltage Output current Filme Sync Signal Input (IRIG: / Input connector Supported IRIG signals Input impedance Maximum input voltage GP-IB Connector type	1 kHz ±1%  1 Vp-p ±10%  1 Vp-p ±10%  4  ±12 Vdc  Total max. of 1 A  C20 option)  BNC  A002, B002, A132, and B122  Can be switched between 50 Ohm and 5 kOhm. ±8 V  24-pin connector
Output signal frequency Output signal frequency Output amplitude Probe Power Output (/P4 Optivation of probe Power Output (P4 Optivation of probe Power Output terminals) Output voltage Output current Firme Sync Signal Input (IRIG: / Input connector Supported IRIG signals Input impedance Maximum input voltage 3P-IB Connector type Electrical specification	1 kHz ±1%  1 Vp-p ±10%  on)  4  ±12 Vdc  Total max. of 1 A  C20 option)  BNC  A002, B002, A132, and B122  Can be switched between 50 Ohm and 5 kOhm. ±8 V  24-pin connector  Complies with IEEE St'd 488-1978 (JIS C 1901-1987)
Output signal frequency Output signal frequency Output amplitude Probe Power Output (/P4 Option Number of output terminals Output voltage Output current Firme Sync Signal Input (IRIG: / Input connector Supported IRIG signals Input impedance Maximum input voltage 3P-IB Connector type Electrical specification Functional specification	1 kHz ±1%  1 Vp-p ±10%  on)  4  ±12 Vdc  Total max. of 1 A  C20 option)  BNC  A002, B002, A132, and B122  Can be switched between 50 Ohm and 5 kOhm. ±8 V  24-pin connector  Complies with IEEE St'd 488-1978 (JIS C 1901-1987)  SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0
Output signal frequency Output signal frequency Output amplitude Probe Power Output (/P4 Option Number of output terminals Output voltage Output current Firme Sync Signal Input (IRIG: / Input connector Supported IRIG signals Input impedance Maximum input voltage SIP-IB Connector type Electrical specification Functional specification Protocol	1 kHz ±1%  1 Vp-p ±10%  on)  4  ±12 Vdc  Total max. of 1 A  C20 option)  BNC  A002, B002, A132, and B122  Can be switched between 50 Ohm and 5 kOhm. ±8 V  24-pin connector  Complies with IEEE St'd 488-1978 (JIS C 1901-1987)
Comp Output  Output signal frequency Output amplitude Probe Power Output (/P4 Option Number of output terminals Output voltage Output current Firme Sync Signal Input (IRIG: / Input connector Supported IRIG signals Input impedance Maximum input voltage GAP-IB  Connector type Electrical specification Functional specification Protocol Ethernet	1 kHz ±1%  1 Vp-p ±10%  on)  4  ±12 Vdc  Total max. of 1 A  C20 option)  BNC  A002, B002, A132, and B122  Can be switched between 50 Ohm and 5 kOhm.  ±8 V  24-pin connector  Complies with IEEE St'd 488-1978 (JIS C 1901-1987)  SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PPO, DC1, DT0, and CO  IEEE St'd 488.2-1992
Comp Output  Output signal frequency Output amplitude Probe Power Output (//P4 Optic Number of output terminals Output voltage Output current Firme Sync Signal Input (IRIG: // Input connector Supported IRIG signals Input impedance Maximum input voltage SIP-IB  Connector type Electrical specification Functional Specification Protocol Ethernet Connector type	1 kHz ±1%  1 Vp-p ±10%  on)  4  ±12 Vdc  Total max. of 1 A  C20 option)  BNC  A002, B002, A132, and B122  Can be switched between 50 Ohm and 5 kOhm. ±8 V  24-pin connector  Complies with IEEE St'd 488-1978 (JIS C 1901-1987)  SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PPO, DC1, DT0, and C0  IEEE St'd 488.2-1992  RJ-45 modular jack
Output signal frequency Output signal frequency Output amplitude Probe Power Output (/P4 Optic Number of output terminals Output voltage Output current Filme Sync Signal Input (IRIG: / Input connector Supported IRIG signals Input impedance Maximum input voltage GAP-IB Connector type Electrical specification Functional specification Frotocol Ethernet Connector type Transmission system	1 kHz ±1%  1 Vp-p ±10%  1 Vp-p ±10%  4  ±12 Vdc  Total max. of 1 A  C20 option)  BNC  A002, B002, A132, and B122  Can be switched between 50 Ohm and 5 kOhm.  ±8 V  24-pin connector  Complies with IEEE St'd 488-1978 (JIS C 1901-1987)  SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0  IEEE St'd 488.2-1992  RJ-45 modular jack  Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100 BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T)
Output signal frequency Output signal frequency Output amplitude Probe Power Output (/P4 Optivation of page 2) Output output terminals Output output terminals Output output life Signals Input connector Supported IRIG signals Input impedance Maximum input voltage SP-IB Connector type Electrical specification Functional specification Protocol Ethernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols	1 kHz ±1%  1 Vp-p ±10%  on)  4  ±12 Vdc  Total max. of 1 A  C20 option)  BNC  A002, B002, A132, and B122  Can be switched between 50 Ohm and 5 kOhm. ±8 V  24-pin connector  Complies with IEEE St'd 488-1978 (JIS C 1901-1987)  SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PPO, DC1, DT0, and C0  IEEE St'd 488.2-1992  RJ-45 modular jack
Output signal frequency Output signal frequency Output amplitude Probe Power Output (/P4 Optivation of page 2) Output voltage Output current Firme Sync Signal Input (IRIG: / Input connector Supported IRIG signals Input impedance Maximum input voltage 3P-IB Connector type Electrical specification Functional specification Protocol Ethernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols USB	1 kHz ±1%  1 Vp-p ±10%  on)  4  ±12 Vdc  Total max. of 1 A  C20 option)  BNC  A002, B002, A132, and B122  Can be switched between 50 Ohrn and 5 kOhrn.  ±8 V  24-pin connector  Compiles with IEEE St'd 488-1978 (JIS C 1901-1987)  SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0  IEEE St'd 488.2-1992  RJ-45 modular jack Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100 BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T)  TCP/IP
Output signal frequency Output signal frequency Output amplitude Probe Power Output (/P4 Optivation of power output terminals) Output voltage Output current Firme Sync Signal Input (IRIG: / Input connector Supported IRIG signals Input impedance Maximum input voltage SP-IB Connector type Electrical specification Functional specification Protocol Ethernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols USB Connector type	1 kHz ±1%  1 Vp-p ±10%  on)  4  ±12 Vdc  Total max. of 1 A  C20 option)  BNC  A002, B002, A132, and B122  Can be switched between 50 Ohm and 5 kOhm.  ±8 V  24-pin connector  Complies with IEEE St'd 488-1978 (JIS C 1901-1987)  SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0  IEEE St'd 488.2-1992  RJ-45 modular jack Ethemet (1000 BASE-T, 100 BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T)  TCP/IP  USB type B receptacle
Output signal frequency Output signal frequency Output amplitude Probe Power Output (/P4 Optivation of page 2) Output voltage Output current Firme Sync Signal Input (IRIG: / Input connector Supported IRIG signals Input impedance Maximum input voltage 3P-IB Connector type Electrical specification Functional specification Protocol Ethernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols USB	1 kHz ±1%  1 Vp-p ±10%  on)  4  ±12 Vdc  Total max. of 1 A  C20 option)  BNC  A002, B002, A132, and B122  Can be switched between 50 Ohrn and 5 kOhrn.  ±8 V  24-pin connector  Compiles with IEEE St'd 488-1978 (JIS C 1901-1987)  SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0  IEEE St'd 488.2-1992  RJ-45 modular jack Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100 BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T)  TCP/IP
Output signal frequency Output signal frequency Output amplitude Probe Power Output (/P4 Optivation) Number of output terminals Output outrent Time Sync Signal Input (IRIG: / Input connector Supported IRIG signals Input impedance Maximum input voltage GAP-IB Connector type Electrical specification Functional specification Functional specification Protocol Ethernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols USB Connector type Electrical and mechanical	1 kHz ±1%  1 Vp-p ±10%  on)  4  ±12 Vdc  Total max. of 1 A  C20 option)  BNC  A002, B002, A132, and B122  Can be switched between 50 Ohm and 5 kOhm.  ±8 V  24-pin connector  Complies with IEEE St'd 488-1978 (JIS C 1901-1987)  SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0  IEEE St'd 488.2-1992  RJ-45 modular jack Ethemet (1000 BASE-T, 100 BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T)  TCP/IP  USB type B receptacle
Output signal frequency Output signal frequency Output amplitude Probe Power Output (/P4 Optivation) Number of output terminals Output output terminals Output output life. Input connector Supported IRIG signals Input impedance Maximum input voltage GaP-IB Connector type Electrical specification Functional specification Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols USB Connector type Electrical and mechanical specifications	1 kHz ±1%  1 Vp-p ±10%  on)  4  ±12 Vdc  Total max. of 1 A  C20 option)  BNC  A002, B002, A132, and B122  Can be switched between 50 Ohm and 5 kOhm.  ±8 V  24-pin connector  Complies with IEEE St'd 488-1978 (JIS C 1901-1987)  SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PPO, DC1, DT0, and C0  IEEE St'd 488.2-1992  RJ-45 modular jack  Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100 BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T)  TCP/IP  USB type B receptacle  USB Rev. 20 compliant
Output signal frequency Output signal frequency Output amplitude Probe Power Output (/P4 Optivation of page 2) Output output terminals Output output terminals Output output terminals Output output lifting Input connector Supported IRIG signals Input impedance Maximum input voltage 3P-IB Connector type Electrical specification Functional specification Protocol Ethernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols ISB Connector type Electrical and mechanical specifications Supported transfer modes	1 kHz ±1%  1 Vp-p ±10%  on)  4  ±12 Vdc  Total max. of 1 A  C20 option)  BNC  A002, B002, A132, and B122  Can be switched between 50 Ohm and 5 kOhm.  ±8 V  24-pin connector  Complies with IEEE St'd 488-1978 (JIS C 1901-1987)  SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PPO, DC1, DT0, and C0  IEEE St'd 488.2-1992  RJ-45 modular jack  Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100 BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T)  TCP/IP  USB type B receptacle  USB Rev. 20 compliant
Comp Output  Output signal frequency Output amplitude Probe Power Output (/P4 Opti Number of output terminals Output voltage Output current Firme Sync Signal Input (IRIG: / Input connector Supported IRIG signals Input impedance Maximum input voltage SP-IB Connector type Electrical specification Functional specification Protocol Ethernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols USB Connector type Electrical and mechanical specifications Supported transfer modes Supplay Items	1 kHz ±1%  1 Vp-p ±10%  on)  4  ±12 Vdc  Total max. of 1 A  C20 option)  BNC  A002, B002, A132, and B122  Can be switched between 50 Ohm and 5 kOhm.  ±8 V  24-pin connector  Complies with IEEE St'd 488-1978 (JIS C 1901-1987)  SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PPO, DC1, DT0, and C0  IEEE St'd 488.2-1992  RJ-45 modular jack  Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100 BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T)  TCP/IP  USB type B receptacle  USB Rev. 20 compliant
Comp Output  Output signal frequency Output amplitude Probe Power Output (/P4 Option Number of output terminals Output voltage Output cornent Filme Sync Signal Input (IRIG: / Input connector Supported IRIG signals Input impedance Maximum input voltage SAP-IB Connector type Electrical specification Functional specification Protocol Ethernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols USB Connector type Electrical and mechanical specifications Supported transfer modes Supported transfer modes Display Items Numerical Values	1 kHz ±1%  1 Vp-p ±10%  on)  4  ±12 Vdc  Total max. of 1 A  C20 option)  BNC  A002, B002, A132, and B122  Can be switched between 50 Ohm and 5 kOhm.  ±8 V  24-pin connector  Complies with IEEE St'd 488-1978 (JIS C 1901-1987)  SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0  IEEE St'd 488.2-1992  RJ-45 modular jack Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100 BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T)  TCP/IP  USB type B receptacle  USB Rev. 2.0 compliant  HS (High Speed, 480 Mbps) and FS Full Speed, 12 Mbps)  Measurement functions for each channel (power measurement element)  Urms: true rms value, Umn: rectified mean value calibrated rms value,
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Output signal frequency Output signal frequency Output amplitude Probe Power Output (/P4 Optic Number of output terminals Output voltage Output current Filme Sync Signal Input (IRIG: / Input connector Supported IRIG signals Input impedance Maximum input voltage GaP-IB Connector type Electrical specification Functional specification Frotocol Ethernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols JSB Connector type Electrical and mechanical specifications Supported transfer modes Sizeplay Items Input signals Input sig	1 kHz ±1%  1 Vp-p ±10%  on)  4  ±12 Vdc  Total max. of 1 A  C20 option)  BNC  A002, B002, A132, and B122  Can be switched between 50 Ohm and 5 kOhm.  ±8 V  24-pin connector  Complies with IEEE St'd 488-1978 (JIS C 1901-1987)  SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0  IEEE St'd 488.2-1992  RJ-45 modular jack  Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100 BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T)  TCP/IP  USB type B receptacle  USB Rev. 20 compliant  HS (High Speed, 480 Mbps) and FS Full Speed, 12 Mbps)  Measurement functions for each channel (power measurement element)  Ums: true rms value, Umm; rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Udc: simple average value, Umm; rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Imm; true rms value, lac: AC component Irms: true rms value, Imm; rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Imm; truetified mean value calibrated rms value,
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Output signal frequency Output signal frequency Output amplitude Probe Power Output (/P4 Option Number of output terminals Output voltage Output current Firme Sync Signal Input (IRIG: / Input connector Supported IRIG signals Input impedance Maximum input voltage 3P-IB Connector type Electrical specification Functional specification Functional specification Protocol Ethernet Connector type Electrical and mechanical specifications Supported transfer modes Display Items Normal Voltage (V) Current (A) Active Power (W) Apparent Power (VA)	1 kHz ±1%  1 Vp-p ±10%  on)  4  ±12 Vdc  Total max. of 1 A  C20 option)  BNC  A002, B002, A132, and B122  Can be switched between 50 Ohm and 5 kOhm. ±8 V  24-pin connector  Complies with IEEE St'd 488-1978 (JIS C 1901-1987)  SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0  IEEE St'd 488.2-1992  RJ-45 modular jack Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100 BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T)  TCP/IP  USB type B receptacle  USB Rev. 2.0 compliant  HS (High Speed, 480 Mbps) and FS Full Speed, 12 Mbps)  Measurement functions for each channel (power measurement element)  Urms: true rms value, Urm: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Udc: simple average value, Irm: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Irm: true true value, Irm: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Irm: true trims value, Irm: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Irm: true true value, Irm: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Irm: true true value, Irm: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Irm: true trims value, Irm: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Irm: true true value, Irm: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Irm: true true value, Irm: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Irm: true true value, Irm: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Irm: true true value, Irm: rectified mean value, Iac: AC component
Output signal frequency Output signal frequency Output amplitude Probe Power Output (/P4 Option Number of output terminals Output voltage Output current Firme Sync Signal Input (IRIG: / Input connector Supported IRIG signals Input impedance Maximum input voltage 3P-IB Connector type Electrical specification Functional specification Protocol Ethernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols JSB Connector type Electrical and mechanical specifications Supported transfer modes Display Items Numerical Values Normal Voltage (V) Current (A) Active Power (VA) Reactive Power (VA) Reactive Power (Var)	1 kHz ±1%  1 Vp-p ±10%  on)  4  ±12 Vdc  Total max. of 1 A  C20 option)  BNC  A002, B002, A132, and B122  Can be switched between 50 Ohm and 5 kOhm.  ±8 V  24-pin connector  Complies with IEEE St'd 488-1978 (JIS C 1901-1987)  SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0  IEEE St'd 488-2-1992  RJ-45 modular jack Ethemet (1000 BASE-T, 100 BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T)  TCP/IP  USB type B receptacle  USB Rev. 20 compliant  HS (High Speed, 480 Mbps) and FS Full Speed, 12 Mbps)  Measurement functions for each channel (power measurement element)  Urms: true rms value, Umn: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Udc: simple average value, Irm: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: simple average value, Irm: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: simple average value, Irm: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: simple average value, Irm: rectified mean value, Udc: AC component  P  S: selectable of Urms x Irms, Umn x Irm, Udc x Idc, Urmn x Irmn or Umn x Irm
Output signal frequency Output signal frequency Output amplitude Probe Power Output (/P4 Opti Number of output terminals Output outrant Time Sync Signal Input (IRIG: / Input connector Supported IRIG signals Input impedance Maximum input voltage GP-IB Connector type Electrical specification Functional specification Functional specification Protocol Ethernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols JSB Connector type Electrical and mechanical specifications Supported transfer modes Display Items Normal Voltage (V) Current (A) Active Power (WA) Reactive Power (VAr) Power Factor	1 kHz ±1%  1 Vp-p ±10%  nn)  4  ±12 Vdc  Total max. of 1 A  C20 option)  BNC  A002, B002, A132, and B122  Can be switched between 50 Ohm and 5 kOhm.  ±8 V  24-pin connector  Complies with IEEE St'd 488-1978 (JIS C 1901-1987)  SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0  IEEE St'd 488.2-1992  RJ-45 modular jack  Ethemet (1000 BASE-T, 100 BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T)  TCP/IP  USB type B receptacle  USB Rev. 20 compliant  HS (High Speed, 480 Mbps) and FS Full Speed, 12 Mbps)  Measurement functions for each channel (power measurement element)  Ums: true rms value, Umr: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Udc: simple average value, Umr; rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: simple average value, Umr; rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: simple average value, Imrn; rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: simple average value, Imrn; rectified mean value, Idc: AC component  P  S: selectable of Urms × Irms, Umn × Imn, Udc × Idc, Urmn × Irmn or Umn × Irm Q  Lambda (P/S)
Output signal frequency Output signal frequency Output amplitude Probe Power Output (/P4 Optic Number of output terminals Output voltage Output current Time Sync Signal Input (IRIG: / Input connector Supported IRIG signals Input impedance Maximum input voltage GaP-IB Connector type Electrical specification Functional specification Communication protocols JSB Connector type Electrical and mechanical specifications Supported transfer modes Output Voltage (V) Current (A) Active Power (W) Apparent Power (VA) Reactive Power (VAr) Power Factor Phase Angle (deg)	1 kHz ±1%  1 Vp-p ±10%  bn)  4  ±12 Vdc  Total max. of 1 A  C20 option)  BNC  A002, B002, A132, and B122  Can be switched between 50 Ohm and 5 kOhm.  ±8 V  24-pin connector  Complies with IEEE St'd 488-1978 (JIS C 1901-1987)  SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0  IEEE St'd 488.2-1992  RJ-45 modular jack  Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100 BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T)  TCP/IP  USB type B receptacle  USB Rev. 20 compliant  HS (High Speed, 480 Mbps) and FS Full Speed, 12 Mbps)  Measurement functions for each channel (power measurement element)  Ums: true ms value, Umn: rectified mean value calibrated ms value, Udc: simple average value, Umn; rectified mean value alac AC component  Irms: true rms value, Imn: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: simple average value, Irmn; rectified mean value, Lac: AC component  P  S: selectable of Urms × Irms, Umn × Irm, Udc × Idc, Urmn × Irmn or Umn × Irm  Q  Lambda (P/S)  Phi (cos -1 P/S)
Output signal frequency Output signal frequency Output amplitude Probe Power Output (/P4 Opti Number of output terminals Output outrant Time Sync Signal Input (IRIG: / Input connector Supported IRIG signals Input impedance Maximum input voltage GP-IB Connector type Electrical specification Functional specification Functional specification Protocol Ethernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols JSB Connector type Electrical and mechanical specifications Supported transfer modes Display Items Normal Voltage (V) Current (A) Active Power (WA) Reactive Power (VAr) Power Factor	1 kHz ±1%  1 Vp-p ±10%  bn)  4  ±12 Vdc  Total max. of 1 A  C20 option)  BNC  A002, B002, A132, and B122  Can be switched between 50 Ohm and 5 kOhm.  ±8 V  24-pin connector  Complies with IEEE St'd 488-1978 (JIS C 1901-1987)  SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0  IEEE St'd 488.2-1992  RJ-45 modular jack  Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100 BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T)  TCP/IP  USB type B receptacle  USB Rev. 20 compliant  HS (High Speed, 480 Mbps) and FS Full Speed, 12 Mbps)  Measurement functions for each channel (power measurement element)  Ums: true ms value, Umn: rectified mean value calibrated ms value, Udc: simple average value, Umn; rectified mean value alac AC component  Irms: true rms value, Imn: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: simple average value, Irmn; rectified mean value, Lac: AC component  P  S: selectable of Urms × Irms, Umn × Irm, Udc × Idc, Urmn × Irmn or Umn × Irm  Q  Lambda (P/S)  Phi (cos -1 P/S)
Output signal frequency Output signal frequency Output amplitude Probe Power Output (/P4 Option Number of output terminals Output voltage Output current Firme Sync Signal Input (IRIG: / Input connector Supported IRIG signals Input impedance Maximum input voltage 3P-IB Connector type Electrical specification Functional specification Functional specification Protocol Ethernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols ISB Connector type Electrical and mechanical specifications Supported transfer modes Display Items Numerical Values Normal Voltage (V) Current (A) Active Power (WA) Reactive Power (VA) Reactive Power (VAr) Power Factor Phase Angle (deg) Harmonic analysis function (/C6) Harmonic analysis function (/C6) Harmonic analysis function (/C6)  Prober Power (VA) Harmonic analysis function (/C6)  Prober Passe Angle (deg) Harmonic analysis function (/C6)	1 kHz ±1%  1 Vp-p ±10%  on)  4  ±12 Vdc  Total max. of 1 A  C20 option)  BNC  A002, B002, A132, and B122  Can be switched between 50 Ohm and 5 kOhm.  ±8 V  24-pin connector  Complies with IEEE St'd 488-1978 (JIS C 1901-1987)  SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0  IEEE St'd 488.2-1992  RJ-45 modular jack  Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100 BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T)  TCP/IP  USB type B receptacle  USB Rev. 20 compilant  HS (High Speed, 480 Mbps) and FS Full Speed, 12 Mbps)  Measurement functions for each channel (power measurement element)  Ums: true rms value, Umn: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Udc: simple average value, Umn; rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: simple average value, Umn; rectified mean value, Jac: AC component  P  S: selectable of Urms × Irms, Umn × Imn, Udc × Idc, Umn × Irmn or Umn × Irm  Q  Lambda (P/S)  Phi (cos -1 P/S)  15 Option)
Output signal frequency Output signal frequency Output amplitude Probe Power Output (/P4 Optivation of page 2) Output output terminals Output voltage Output current Firme Sync Signal Input (IRIG: / Input connector Supported IRIG signals Input impedance Maximum input voltage 3P-IB Connector type Electrical specification Functional specification Functional specification Frotocol Ethernet Connector type Ilectrical and mechanical specifications Supported transfer modes Sisplay Items Normal Voltage (V) Current (A) Active Power (WA) Reactive Power (Var) Power Factor Phase Angle (deg) Intermolic analysis function (/Citigra Items)	1 kHz ±1%  1 Vp-p ±10%  on)  4  ±12 Vdc  Total max. of 1 A  C20 option)  BNC  A002, B002, A132, and B122  Can be switched between 50 Ohm and 5 kOhm. ±8 V  24-pin connector  Compiles with IEEE St'd 488-1978 (JIS C 1901-1987)  SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0  IEEE St'd 488.2-1992  RJ-45 modular jack Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100 BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T)  TCP/IP  USB type B receptacle  USB Rev. 2.0 compliant  HS (High Speed, 480 Mbps) and FS Full Speed, 12 Mbps)  Measurement functions for each channel (power measurement element)  Urms: true rms value, Urm: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Udc: simple average value, Urm; rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: simple average value, Irm; rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: simple average value, Irm; rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: simple average value, Irm; rectified mean value (Lac: AC component Irms: true rms value, Irm; rectified mean value, Lac: AC component P  S: selectable of Urms × Irms, Urm × Irm, Udc × Idc, Urmn × Irm or Urm × Irm Q  Lambda (P/S)  Phi (cos -¹ P/S)  15 Option)

17

/VA 💛
value
alue
factor value Phase angle
ntal voltage U( tal current I(1)
.4% of range) % of range) % of range)
+ 20 uA -4% of range) % of range) + 50 uV
.4% of range) % of range) % of range) + 20 uA × U
+ 50 uV × U  .6% of range) % of range)
l, Supply
l, Supply less n calibration
M2, /B5, /C20,
., . 20, / 020,

10 M ohm or more for 500 VDC between the power supply and case

Insulation resistance

Model	Suffix Code	Description
PX8000		Precision Power Scope
Power Code	-D	UL/CSA Standard
	-F	VDE standard
	-H	GB standard
	-N	NBR standard
	-Q	BS standard
	-R	AS standard
Languages	-HE	English menu
	-HG	German menu
	-HJ	Japanese menu
Options	/B5	Built-in printer (112 mm)
	/C20	IRIG function
	/G5	Harmonic measurement
	/M1	50 M memory expansion*
	/M2	100 M memory expansion*
	/P4	4 Outputs of probe power

*Se	ect	one	e of	th	222

Name	Model	Description
Voltage Module	760811	Voltage module (Current module 760812 must be ordered together.)
Current Module	760812	Current module (Voltage module 760811 must be ordered together.)
Auxiliary Module	760851	Auxiliary (AUX) module for sensor input, Torque/Speed

Name	Model	Description
PowerViewerPlus	760881	Viewer software dedicated for PX8000 (coming soon)

- The German language menu will be released soon.
   Selection of both /M1 and /M2 is not available for one main frame. The standard memory length is 10 M points/CH.
- The power value will be calibrated using a pair of Voltage (760811) and Current (760812) modules, therefore an equal quantity of these must be ordered together.
- A test Certificate of the Voltage Module includes the test results of the voltage and power values which are calibrated with one paired Current Module. Also the test Certificate of the Current Module includes the test results of the current and power values which are calibrated with one paired Voltage Module.
- <Cautions regarding the installation of modules and their location> The PX8000 has a maximum of 8 slots for installing modules.
- It is required to equip the PX8000 main frame with at least one Voltage Module and one Current Module in slots 1 and 2 to create one Power Measurement Element. The PX8000 can be equipped with a maximum of three additional Power Measurement Elements.
- When modules are ordered with the PX8000 main frame, the modules are factory installed in the main frame up to a combined maximum of 4 power measurement elements and auxiliary modules. Priority is given to the installation of power measurement elements.
- The location of modules can be changed by the customer. However, slot 1 must be always containing a Voltage Module and slot 2 must always contain a Current Module.

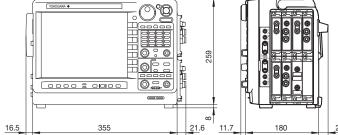
  Power values are calibrated using one Voltage Module and one Current Module, so the same
- number of these modules must be ordered together. In the case of service, repair or re-calibration, both modules must be sent together to the service department.

  Up to 3 AUX Modules can be installed in odd numbered slot only (3, 5 and 7). Odd numbered slots
- (3, 5 and 7) are also used to install additional Voltage Modules, and even numbered slots (4, 6 and 8) for additional Current Modules.

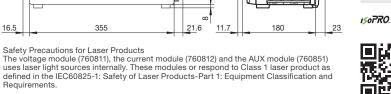
#### Standard Accessories:

Power cord (1 set), Front cover (1 set), Rubber foot (4 sets), Cover plate assy (8 sets), Current terminal adapter (4 sets), Voltage terminal adapter (4 sets), Printer chart (1 set for /B5), Getting started guide (1 set), CD (Getting started guide, Futures guide, User's Manual, Communication interface manual by PDF data)

Unit: mm



defined in the IEC60825-1: Safety of Laser Products-Part 1: Equipment Classification and





▲ Due to the nature of this product, it is possible to touch its mental parts. Therefore, there is a risk of electric shock, so the product must be used with caution.

Use these products with low-voltage circuits (42 V or less)

#### Yokogawa's approach to preserving the global environment

- Yokogawa's electrical products are developed and produced in facilities that have received ISO14001 approval.
- In order to protect the global environment, Yokogawa's electrical products are signed in accordance with Yokogawa's Environmentally Friendly Product Design Guidelines and Product Design Assessment Criteria.

#### Notice

- Before operating the product, read the user's manual thoroughly for proper and safe operation.
- If this product is for use with a system requiring safeguards that directly involve personnel safety, please contact the Yokogawa offices.
- Warranty period of the PX8000 and modules is three years.

This is a Class A instrument based on Emission standards EN61326-1 and EN55011, and is designed for an industrial environment

Operation of this equipment in a residential area may cause radio interference, in which case users will be responsible for any interference which they cause

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For the full specifications see Bulletin PX8000-02EN or tmi.yokogawa.com/px8000

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